Distinguished moderator and panelists, thank you for the elaboration on this topic.

Allow me to share with you some updates on the implementation of this convention at our national level.

- Indonesia’s ratification on the Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-Personnel Mines and on Their Destruction, or the Ottawa Convention, is based under our national Law Number 20 year 2006.
- As a State Party, Indonesia is committed to never again to stockpile and use Anti-Personnel Mines for our national defense purposes.
- Indonesia has destroyed 12,618 anti-personnel mines until the year 2014 or equivalent of more than 80% of our initial anti-personnel mines’ stockpiles.
- In the following years, we have continued to destroy our retained devices incrementally in accordance to our capacity. Following the destruction of another 98 of our anti-personnel mines’ stockpile in 2019, Indonesia still retains 2,050 units of the said mines for purposes as permitted by the Convention.
- To support the implementation of Oslo Action Plan, in particular Action 13, Indonesia has set a national plan for 2020-2024 to yet lower the number of retained units of anti-personnel mines for training and educational purposes of our Peacekeepers and Bomb Squads.

Indonesia gives its high appreciation to states parties that have shown its commitment to destroy its stockpiles within the given time frame. Indonesia underlines the importance of financial, technical, and humanitarian assistance for those states in meeting their deadlines.

Indonesia is of the view that “link and match” between those assistance and the needs of the recipient countries, as well as support from the ISU is crucial for the implementation of the Convention.

On that note, Indonesia stands ready to cooperate and explore further opportunities to assist countries in need.

I thank you.