ANTI PERSONNEL STOCKPILE DISPOSAL

Fulfilment of Article 4 of Ottawa Convention, ratified and implemented in Angola on 28 June 2002

QUANTITIES OF ANTI-PERSONNEL MINES DECLARED IN 1st REPORT

TO BE DISPOSAL – 59,091
TO BE USED IN TRAINING – 1,390

ANTI PERSONNEL STOCKPILE DISPOSAL

FULFILMENT OF ART.º 5 OF OTTAWA CONVENTION, ratified and implemented in Angola on 28 June 2002

QUANTITIES OF ANTI-PERSONNEL MINAS DECLARED IN 1st REPORT (REFER BY 2002)

MINES REMOVED IN MINEFIELD AND DISPOSAL
– 57,731
ANTI PERSONNEL STOCKPILE DISPOSAL

FULFILMENT OF ART.º 4 OF OTTAWA CONVENTION, ratified and implemented in Angola on 28 June 2002

QUANTITIES OF ANTI-PERSONNEL DECLARED IN 2nd REPORT (LAST TRIMESTER OF 2003 AND 1st TRI.2004)

IT WAS DISPOSAL – 8.432

TO BE DISPOSAL – 50.659

RELATIVE NUMBER BECAUSE IT WILL BE NECESSARY TO MAKE A RECCE IN ALL COUNTRY, IN PARTICULAR IN BUSH DUMPS OF EX. UNITA MILITARY FORCES

ANTI PERSONNEL STOCKPILE DISPOSAL

FULFILMENT OF ART.º 5 OF OTTAWA CONVENCION, ratified and implemented in Angola on 28 June 2002

QUANTITIES OF ANTI-PERSONNEL MINES DECLARED IN 2nd REPORT (2003 AND 1st TRI.2004)

MINES REMOVED AND DISPOSAL FROM MINEFIELD

– 15.896
ANTI PERSONNEL STOCKPILE DISPOSAL

PROJECT

RESPONSIBLE BODY – Angolan Government

THEMATIC PILLARS – Survey, study, analyse and carry out the disposal of Stockpiled AP Mines (Article 4 of Ottawa Convention).

OBJECTIVES
Fulfilment of Article 4 of Ottawa Convention, ratified and implemented in Angola on 28 June 2002, aiming at disposal within 4 years time of all stockpiled antipersonnel mines by July/2006;

ANTI PERSONNEL STOCKPILE DISPOSAL

OBJECTIVES (cont.)

To complementary, carry out the render safe and/or disposal of other stockpiled ammunitions and explosive ordnance that may be hazardous due to deterioration.

Due to safety reasons, make an assessment of all deteriorated explosive ordnance that may be hazardous and prepare a global demilitarisation project for its disposal.
TARGET BENEFICIARIES
Directly, Angolan Armed Forces (FAA), Demining Programme, Indirectly, the entire Angolan population.

IMPLEMENTING PARTNERS
National Inter-sectoral Commission for Demining and Humanitarian Assistance (CNIDAH);
Ministry of Defence, Angola Armed Forces, National Demining Institute (INAD);
United Nations Development Programme

MANAGEMENT, COORDINATION AND THE PROJECT TECHNICAL ADVISORY
Management Group and Execution of the project
UNDP International Officer, Responsible for the Management of the Project.
Defense Ministry Officer, Responsible for the Coordination of the Project.
FAA General Headquarter Officer, responsible for the execution of the project.
MANAGEMENT, COORDINATION AND THE PROJECT TECHNICAL ADVISORY (cont.)

Coordination Technical Group
CNIDAH - Demining Sub-comissionãob;

Principal Direction of Weapon and techniques of FAA general headquarter;

Control, Registry, and Selection Commission for the destruction of all deteriorated explosive ordnance from EMGFA and from the three FAA branches (Army, Air Force and Navy),

International Advisory:
UNDP Chief Technical Advisor for Mine Action Programme in Angola
UNDP Technical Advisor to CNIDAH for Quality Control;

PROJECT DURATION – 18 to 24 months (to be discussed), starting from July 2004.

PROJECT BUDGET - 1.470.000 USD (to be adjusted after completion of phase III, within a limit amount of 2.000.000 USD)

REQUESTED FUNDS – total amount of funds requested: 90% from European Commission and 10% from Angolan Government

PROJECT DESCRIPTION
Phase I – Definitions
Terms of reference of tasks to be undertaken by each of the partners within the project
Objectives, scope and the project field of action
Criteria, methodologies, technologies and intervention techniques
Phase II – Survey and analysis
Organisation, equipment, available and necessary resources (man power and equipment)
Information survey on location, intervention size and nature
Technical survey to the identified locations

Phase III – Project review and tests
To produce a detailed action plan for each location and the circumstances to apply the techniques, safety conditions equipment and the resources required; Budget review and the time frame for project execution;
Joint training of project staff at INAD Central Mine Action Training School (CMATS);
Tests of techniques and equipment.

Phase IV – Execution
Disposal of stockpiled APM in accordance to the selected methodology in order to reach the expected results in former stages in order to assure better effectiveness and lower operational cost effectiveness thus assuring safety of the involved personnel and the neighbouring populations of the areas of intervention including future clearance of the areas.
Production of project technical and completion reports;
Elaboração dos relatórios técnicos e relatório final do projecto;
Fulfilling of Article 7 after conclusion of Article 4.
MAPA DE LOCALIZAÇÃO DE MUNIÇÕES E ENGENHOS EXPLOSIVOS OSSELOTOS POR DESTRUIR NO EXÉRCITO

Act. até 22.01.2004

- CART. 20MM
- MINAS DE 40MM
- MINAS DE 60MM
- MINAS DE 120MM 32.0 TONELADAS

- CART. DIVERSOS
- PROJ. 240 MM
- PROJ. DIVERSOS 12.1 TONELADAS

- CART. DIVERSOS
- PROJ. 360 MM
- PROJ. DIVERSOS 45.0 TONELADAS

- CART. DIVERSOS
- PROJ. 360 MM
- PROJ. DIVERSOS 31.0 TONELADAS

- CART. 23 MM
- CART. 30 MM
- MINA DE 40 MM
- MINA DE 60 MM
- PROJ. 32MM 0-10 16.2 TONELADAS

- CART. 23 MM
- CART. 30 MM
- MINA DE 40 MM
- MINA DE 60 MM
- PROJ. 82MM 0-10 319.0 TONELADAS

- CART. 23 MM
- CART. 30 MM
- MINA DE 60 MM
- PROJ. 82MM 9-10 36.0 TONELADAS

Total Geral no Exército: 1.007.3 TON.
WARNINGS

MINES AND EXPLOSIVES DEVICES IN STOCKPILE (BUSHDUMPS) TO BE CONTROLLED AND VERIFICATED

THE HUGE QUANTITIES OF OBSOLETE EXPLOSIVES DEVICES IN DANGEROUS CONDITION

THE HUGE DIFFERENT TYPE OF MINES AND UXOS THAT ARE FOUND IN CONTAMINATED AREAS (46 APM, 39 ATM E 58 UXO’S)
ANTI PERSONNEL STOCKPILE DISPOSAL

QUESTIONS ??

MANY THANKS