CONVENTION ON THE PROHIBITION OF THE USE, STOCKPILING, PRODUCTION AND TRANSFER OF ANTI-PERSONNEL MINES AND ON THEIR DESTRUCTION

(OTTAWA CONVENTION)

Updated information provided in accordance with article 7, paragraph 2

Switzerland

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1. **National implementation measures**  
No additional legal, administrative and other measures were taken during the previous calendar year to prevent and suppress any activity prohibited under the Convention. See Switzerland’s report submitted in 2015 for the latest information.

2. **Stockpiled anti-personnel mines**  
This matter is not applicable since Switzerland destroyed all stockpiled anti-personnel mines.

3. **Anti-personnel mines retained or transferred for permitted purposes**  
Switzerland does not retain or transfer anti-personnel mines for permitted purposes.

4. **Areas known or suspected to contain anti-personnel mines**  
The territory of Switzerland contains neither mined areas nor areas suspected to contain mines.

5. **Technical characteristics of anti-personnel mines**  
Not applicable.

6. **Conversion or decommissioning of anti-personnel mine production facilities**  
Not applicable.

7. **Victim assistance**  
Not applicable.

8. **Cooperation and assistance**  
In 2017, Switzerland invested CHF 22.3 million in the mine action area. These resources were spent to clear mines, raise awareness, strengthen local capacities, and make sure that international commitments are respected.

Switzerland’s engagement in international co-operation and assistance is based on its latest Mine Action Strategy, which covers the period 2016-2019. This strategy was published in July 2016 and represents the fourth subsequent national strategy in this domain. It defines a whole of government approach and is meant to address the threats posed by anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions and explosive remnants of war. Switzerland is active both at policy and at operational level.
On this basis, Switzerland provides assistance to mine / cluster munitions / ERW affected countries in the form of funds, material and personnel:

- Support to clearance projects, projects integrating mine action into development, risk awareness campaigns, prevention and victim assistance projects mainly through financial contributions in countries, regions and institutions such as: Angola, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Cambodia, Columbia, Democratic Republic of Congo, Gaza, Kosovo, Libya, Mali, Myanmar, Syria, Ukraine, Geneva Call and the ICRC for about CHF 9.2 million.

- Political and financial support to the Geneva International Centre for Humanitarian Demining (GICHD): during the reporting period, Switzerland contributed about CHF 9.3 million to the GICHD. The organisation acts as a facilitator, strategic advisor, research body and think tank in the field of mine action (including ERW). The Implementation Support Units (ISU), which serve the States Parties to the APMBC and to the CCM, are hosted by the GICHD, which covers the rental, administrative, and logistical costs. This in-kind contribution (about CHF 0.5 million per annum) is covered by Switzerland’s core contribution to the GICHD.

- Provision of experts in the fields of EOD, logistics, finance and information management to UN mine action programmes. During the reporting period, experts were deployed to programmes in the Democratic Republic of Congo, Libya, Mali, South Sudan, and Western Sahara as well as to UNOPS and UNMAS HQ in New York. During the reporting period, CHF 2.77 million have been spent for the secondment of personnel. Switzerland further developed and updated its specific training courses for future experts to be sent to international mine action programmes with its partners, the GICHD, UNICEF and UNOPS.

Since 2000, Switzerland has been offering international training courses on the Information Management System for Mine Action (IMSMA) via the channels of the Partnership for Peace Program (PIP). Switzerland annually offers a series of courses in different fields of mine action. During the reporting period, Switzerland along with such partners as the GICHD, UNICEF, UNOPS, UNMAS and UNDP offered seven courses with the following topics: “Ammunition Safety Practitioner”, “Integrated Mine Action for Better Results”, "Mine/ERW Risk Education Course", "Application of IMAS", "Results Based Management in Mine Action", two "A1 IMSMA-Training-Courses", one "A2 IMSMA-Training-Course", two basic “Support Service Officers Courses" and one senior “Support Service Officers Course". The courses took place in Spiez. During the reporting period, Switzerland spent some CHF 0.3 million for the training courses. Switzerland has also provided financial assistance (CHF 0.3 million) to UNIDIR, UNODA and the GICHD to further develop and implement the International Ammunition Technical Guidelines (IATG).