CONVENTION ON THE PROHIBITION OF THE USE, STOCKPILING, PRODUCTION AND TRANSFER OF ANTI-PERSONNEL MINES AND ON THEIR DESTRUCTION (OTTAWA CONVENTION)

Reporting Formats for Article 7

Annual update for the calendar year 2013

NAME OF STATE [PARTY]:

SWITZERLAND

DATE OF SUBMISSION:

30.04.2014

POINT OF CONTACT: Federal Department of Defense, Civil Protection and Sports, CH-3003 Bern International Relations, Defense Euro-Atlantic Security Cooperation Phone ++41 58 464 64 31 / Fax ++41 58 465 30 40 **Overview:**¹¹

Form A: National implementation measures:	Form F: Programme of APM destruction:
	\Box changed
X unchanged (last reporting: 2013)	□ unchanged (last reporting: yyyy)
	X non applicable
Form B: Stockpiled anti-personnel mines:	Form G: APM destroyed:
	\Box changed
unchanged (last reporting: yyyy)	□ unchanged (last reporting: yyyy)
X non applicable	X non applicable
Form C: Location of mined areas:	Form H: Technical characteristics:
	\Box changed
□ unchanged (last reporting: yyyy)	□ unchanged (last reporting: yyyy)
X non applicable	X non applicable
Form D: APMs retained or transferred:	Form I: Warning measures:
	\Box changed
□ unchanged (last reporting: yyyy)	□ unchanged (last reporting: yyyy)
X non applicable	X non applicable
Form E: Status of conversion programmes:	Form J: Other Relevant Matters:
unchanged (last reporting: yyyy)	X changed
X non applicable	\Box unchanged
	□ non applicable

Notes on using the cover page:

1

^{1.} The cover page could be used as a **complement** to submitting detailed forms adopted at the [First and Second] Meetings of the States parties in instances when the information to be provided in some of the forms in an annual report is the same as it would be in past reports. That is, when using the cover page, only forms within which there is new information would need to be submitted.

^{2.} The cover page could be used as a **substitute** for submitting detailed forms adopted at the [First and Second] Meetings of the States parties only if all of the information to be provided in an annual report is the same as in past reports.

^{3.} If an indication is made on the cover sheet that the information to be provided with respect to a particular form would be unchanged in relationship to a previous year's form, the date of submission of the previous form should be clearly indicated.

Form A National implementation measures

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

a) The national implementation measures referred to in Article 9."

Remark: In accordance with Article 9, "Each State Party shall take all appropriate legal, administrative and other measures, including the imposition of penal sanctions, to prevent and suppress any activity prohibited to a State Party under this Convention undertaken by persons or on territory under its jurisdiction or control".

State [Party]: Switzerland reporting for the calendar year 2013

Measures	Supplementary information (e.g., effective date of imple- mentation & text of legislation attached).
An export moratorium on anti-personnel mines (APM) and their components was declared by the Swiss Govern-	Swiss Parliament adopted the
ment in 1994 with respect to States which were not Parties to the Protocol II of the UN Convention on Certain Con-	amendment to art. 8 of the Swiss
ventional Weapons of 1980. On 13 December, 1996, the Swiss Parliament enacted national legislation prohibiting the	Federal Act on War Material in De-
development, production, brokerage, acquisition, import, export, transfer, stockpiling, use and possession of and any	cember 2003 in order to adapt Art. 8
other activity relating to APM (Swiss Federal Act on War Material). The only activities permitted are those which	to the exact wording of Article 2 (3)
are directly related to the destruction of or the protection against APM. With entry into force of the amended Proto-	and Article 3 (1) of the Mine Ban
col II on 3 December 1998 and the Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer	Treaty.
of Anti-Personnel Mines and on their Destruction of 1997 (Mine Ban Treaty) on 1 March 1999 for Switzerland, these	In the context of Switzerland's rati-
international legal instruments became integral parts of the Swiss legislation. The definition of "APM" applied in the	fication of the Convention on Cluster
Swiss Federal Act on War Material was extended to the definition used in the Mine Ban Treaty and the amended	Munitions in 2012, Switzerland in-
Protocol II. According to the modified Article 8 of the Swiss Federal Act on War Material, "APM" is defined as any	cluded a prohibition of financing
explosive device that is placed in or on the ground or any other surface or in their proximity and is designed or mod-	prohibited weapons (including anti-
ified to explode by the presence, proximity or contact of a person and that is intended to incapacitate, injure or kill	personnel mines) into its legislation;
one or more persons. Mines designed to detonate upon the presence, proximity or contact of a vehicle as opposed to a	see articles 8b, 8c and 35b of the
person and that are equipped with anti-handling devices, are not considered anti-personnel mines as a result of be-	Federal Act on War Material, Status
ing so equipped. This amendment entered into force on 1 March 1999. In addition, the Swiss Parliament adapted art.	as on 1 February 2013. Additionally,
8 of the Swiss Federal Act on War Material to the exact wording of art. 2 (3) and art. 3 (1) of the Mine Ban Treaty.	the Swiss Criminal Procedure Code
This amendment entered into force on 1 June 2004. All APM in Switzerland were destroye	was amended in this regard.

Form B Stockpiled anti-personnel mines

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

b) The total of all stockpiled anti-personnel mines owned or possessed by it, or under its jurisdiction or control, to include a breakdown of the type, quantity and, if possible, lot numbers of each type of anti-personnel mine stockpiled."

State [Party]: Switzerland reporting for the calendar year 2013

Туре	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information
Any	nil		
TOTAL	nil		

Form C Location of mined areas

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

c) To the extent possible, the location of all mined areas that contain, or are suspected to contain, anti-personnel mines under its jurisdiction or control, to include as much detail as possible regarding the type and quantity of each type of anti-personnel mine in each mined area and when they were emplaced."

State [Party]: Switzerland reporting for the calendar year 2013

1. Areas that contain mines*

Location	Туре	Quantity	Date of emplacement	Supplementary information
none				The territory of Switzerland contains no mined areas.

2. Areas suspected to contain mines*

Location	Туре	Quantity	Date of emplacement	Supplementary information
none				No area in Switzerland is suspected to contain mines.

* If necessary, a separate table for each mined area may be provided

Form D APMs retained or transferred

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

d) The types, quantities and, if possible, lot numbers of all anti-personnel mines retained or transferred for the development of and training in mine detection, mine clearance or mine destruction techniques, or transferred for the purpose of destruction, as well as the institutions authorized by a State Party to retain or transfer anti-personnel mines, in accordance with Article 3"

State [Party]: Switzerland reporting for the calendar year 2013

Institution authorized by State party	Туре	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary infor- mation
Federal Department of De- fense	nil	nil		
TOTAL				

1. Retained for development of and training in (Article 3, para.1)

2. Transferred for development of and training in (Article 3, para.1)

Institution authorized by State party	Transfer from	Transfer to	Туре	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary infor- mation
Federal Department of De- fense, Federal Department of Economic Affairs	nil nil	nil nil				
TOTAL						

Form D (continued)

Institution authorized by State party	Transfer from	Transfer to	Туре	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary infor- mation
Federal Department of De- fense, Federal Department of Economic Affairs	nil nil	nil nil				
TOTAL						

3.	Transferred	for the	pur	pose of	destru	uction	(Artic	cle 3,	para.2)

Form E Status of programs for conversion or de-commissioning of APM production facilities

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

e) The status of programs for the conversion or de-commissioning of anti-personnel mine production facilities."

State [Party]: Switzerland reporting for the calendar year 2013

Indicate if to "convert" or "de- commission"	Status (indicate if "in process" or "completed")	Supplementary information
Not applicable		No production facilities existing for APMs.

Form F Status of programs for destruction of APMs

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

f) The status of programs for the destruction of anti-personnel mines in accordance with Articles 4 and 5, including details of the methods which will be used in destruction, the location of all destruction sites and the applicable safety and environmental standards to be observed."

State [Party]: Switzerland reporting for the calendar year 2013

Location of destruction sites	Details of:
Not applicable (all mines destroyed prior to re- porting period)	Method of Destruction
	Applicable safety standards
	Applicable environmental standards

1. Status of programs for destruction of stockpiled APMs (Article 4)

2. Status of programs for destruction of APMs in mined areas (Article 5)

Location of destruction sites	Details of:
Not applicable	Methods
	Applicable safety standards
	Applicable environmental standards

Form G APMs destroyed after entry into force

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

g) The types and quantities of all anti-personnel mines destroyed after the entry into force of this Convention for that State Party, to include a breakdown of the quantity of each type of anti-personnel mine destroyed, in accordance with Articles 4 and 5, respectively, along with, if possible, the lot numbers of each type anti-personnel mine in the case of destruction in accordance with Article 4"

State [Party]: Switzerland reporting for the calendar year 2013

1. Destruction of stockpiled APMs (Article 4)

Туре	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information
Not applicable			(all mines destroyed prior to reporting period)
TOTAL			

2. Destruction of APMs in mined areas (Article 5)

Туре	Quantity	Supplementary information
Not applicable		
TOTAL		

- 11 -

Form H Technical characteristics of each type produced/owned or possessed

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

h) The technical characteristics of each type of anti-personnel mine produced, to the extent known, and those currently owned or possessed by a State Party, giving, where reasonably possible, such categories of information as may facilitate identification and clearance of anti-personnel mines; at a minimum, this information shall include the dimensions, fusing, explosive content, metallic content, color photographs and other information which may facilitate mine clearance"

State [Party]: Switzerland reporting for the calendar year 2013

1. Technical characteristics of each APM-type produced

Туре	Dimensions	Fusing	Explos content type	Metallic content	Color photo at- tached	Supplementary information to facilitate mine clearance.
Not applicable				 		

2. Technical characteristics of each APM-type currently owned or possessed

Туре	Dimensions	Fusing	Explos content type	Metallic content	Color photo at- tached	Supplementary information to facilitate mine clearance.
Not applicable				 		

Form I Measures to provide warning to the population

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

i) The measures taken to provide an immediate and effective warning to the population in relation to all areas identified under paragraph 2 of Article 5."

Remark: In accordance with Article 5, para.2: "Each State Party shall make every effort to identify all areas under its jurisdiction or control in which anti-personnel mines are known or suspected to be emplaced and shall ensure as soon as possible that all anti-personnel mines in mined areas under its jurisdiction or control are perimeter-marked, monitored and protected by fencing or other means, to ensure the effective exclusion of civilians, until all anti-personnel mines contained therein have been destroyed. The marking shall at least be to the standards set out in the Protocol on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Mines, Booby-Traps and Other Devices, as amended on 3 May 1996, annexed to the Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects".

State [Party]: Switzerland reporting for the calendar year 2013

Concerning mined areas :

As stated above, the territory of Switzerland contains neither mined areas nor areas suspected to contain mines.

Form J Other relevant matters

Remark: States Parties may use this form to report voluntarily on other relevant matters, including matters pertaining to compliance and implementation not covered by the formal reporting requirements contained in Article 7. States Parties are encouraged to use this form to report on activities undertaken with respect to Article 6, and in particular to report on assistance provided for the care and rehabilitation, and social and economic reintegration, of mine victims.

State [Party]: Switzerland reporting for the calendar year 2013

[Based on the Annual Report of Switzerland for the CCW Convention and its annexed Protocols for the year 2013]

International co-operation and assistance provided: In 2013, Switzerland attributed more than CHF 19 million to mine action, which includes the engagements in regard to international co-operation and assistance. Due to well-known practical reasons, the attribution to activities addressing the threat posed by anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions and other ERWs cannot always be clearly separated and quantified.

Switzerland's engagement in international co-operation and assistance is based on the Mine Action Strategy of the Swiss Confederation 2012-2015, which defines a whole of government approach to, all activities in regard to address the threats posed by anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions and explosive remnants of war on policy as well as on operational level.

On that basis, Switzerland provides assistance to mine / cluster munitions / ERW affected countries in terms of funds, material and personnel:

- The Federal Department of Foreign Affairs (FDFA) supports clearing-projects, projects integrating mine action into development, risk awareness campaigns and victim assistance projects mainly through financial contributions in priority countries such as: Bosnia-Herzegovina, Burundi, Cambodia, Kosovo, Laos, Libya or Myanmar for about CHF 7.8 million.
- The FDFA supports the UN (UNMAS) with the secondment (in-kind) of a Junior Professional Officer (JPO) for the office in Geneva, thereby strengthening the capacity of UN to contribute to the system-wide response to the challenge of landmines.

- The FDFA also provides substantial political and financial support to the Geneva International Centre for Humanitarian Demining (GICHD): in the reporting period, Switzerland contributed about CHF 8.9 million to the GICHD, which acts as a facilitator, strategic adviser, research body and think tank in the field of Mine Action (including ERW). The Implementation Support Unit (ISU), which serves the States Parties to the APMBC, is hosted by the GICHD with considerable in-kind contributions from Switzerland (about CH 0.5 million per annum).
- In addition, the Federal Department of Defence, Civil Protection and Sport (DDPS) is providing experts for Mine Action Programmes by the UN on a voluntary basis. Switzerland supports UN-Mine Action programmes with specialists in the fields of logistics, finance, administration and information management as well as with EOD specialists. During the reporting period January 2013 to December 2013, Swiss Mine Action specialists were deployed to programs in, the Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC), Somaliland/Puntland, South Sudan, UNOPS and UNMAS HQ in New York and Western Sahara. During the reporting period, CHF 2.6 million have been spent for the assignment of personnel. The DDPS further developed and updated its specific training courses for future experts to be sent to international Mine Action Programs.
- Furthermore, the DDPS offers EOD systems. This offer includes not only the material but also training and support (follow-up deliveries may take place upon request). During the reporting period January to December 2013, no request for a delivery was submitted. Among the material provided by the DDPS to international Mine Action Programs, SM EOD-Systems are the most prominent items.

Since 2000 Switzerland has been offering international training courses on the Information Management System for Mine Action (IMSMA) via the channels of the Partnership for Peace Program (PfP). Having revised the courses in 2009, Switzerland now annually offers a series of courses in different fields of mine action. In the reporting period, two courses were offered by the Federal Department of Defence, Civil Protection and Sport (DDPS) at the Geneva International Centre for Humanitarian Demining (GICHD) with the following topics: "Civil-Military Cooperation / Ammunition Safety and Stockpile Management" and "Quality Management in Mine Action". The courses took place in October 2013 in Geneva.