

**CONVENTION ON THE PROHIBITION OF THE USE, STOCKPILING, PRODUCTION AND TRANSFER OF
ANTI-PERSONNEL MINES AND ON THEIR DESTRUCTION**

Reporting Formats for Article 7 – to the Secretary-General of the United Nations

STATE PARTY: REPUBLIC OF ANGOLA

DATE OF SUBMISSION: 29 April 2018

POINT OF CONTACT

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Form A National implementation measures

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:
a) The national implementation measures referred to in Article 9."

Remark: In accordance with Article 9, "Each State Party shall take all appropriate legal, administrative and other measures, including the imposition of penal sanctions, to prevent and suppress any activity prohibited to a State Party under this Convention undertaken by persons or on territory under its jurisdiction or control".

<i>Measures</i>	<i>Supplementary Information</i>
No legal, administrative and other measures were adopted within the period under consideration.	The existing pieces of legislation in the main legal and judicial system of Angola (Constitution, penal code, civil code, family code and others) are sufficient to charge, prosecute and punish any national or foreign citizen who uses, produces, transfers, stores or encourages others to use antipersonnel mines within Angolan territory.

Form B Stockpiled anti-personnel mines

Article 7. 1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:
b) The total of all stockpiled anti-personnel mines owned or possessed by it, or under its jurisdiction or control, to include a breakdown of the type, quantity and, if possible, lot numbers of each type of anti-personnel mine stockpiled."

State Party *Angola*

reporting for time period from: January 2015 to June 2017

<i>Type</i>	<i>Quantity</i>	<i>Lot # (if possible)</i>	<i>Supplementary Information</i>
N/A	N/A	N/A	Angola has completed the destruction of all stockpiled anti-personnel mines fulfilling in this way with article 4 within its deadlines (January 2007). This process was implemented by the Angola Armed Forces together with UNDP technical advisory and the direct coordination of CNIDAH.

			During the process many types and quantities of landmines were destroyed and further reported in form G.
Total			

Form C Location of mined areas

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:
 c) To the extent possible, the location of all mined areas that contain, or are suspected to contain, anti-personnel mines under its jurisdiction or control, to include as much detail as possible regarding the type and quantity of each type of anti-personnel mine in each mined area and when they were emplaced."

Form D APMs retained or transferred

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

d) The types, quantities and, if possible, lot numbers of all anti-personnel mines retained or transferred for the development of and training in mine detection, mine clearance or mine destruction techniques, or transferred for the purpose of destruction, as well as the institutions authorized by a State Party to retain or transfer anti-personnel mines, in accordance with Article 3"

State Party

Angola

reporting for time period from: January 2015 to June 2017

The National Demining Program provides the use of APMs for instruction purposes of different systems (manual, mechanic and canine) conducted by demining operators, especially the Demining Technical School located in Viana/Luanda.

1. APMs retained for development of and training (Article 3., paragraph 1)

<i>Institution Authorized by State Party</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Quantity</i>	<i>Lot # (if possible)</i>	<i>Supplementary Information</i>
FAA	Claymore	08		The APMs retained for training purposes are in possession of the Angola Armed Forces (FAA), the only institution in control of these ordnances. FAA have been providing to INAD and other mine action operators for the purpose. The new established National Authority for Control of Armament and Disarmament "ANCAD" under the MoD has been requested to update us to be informed at the next Article 7 report.
	Elsie	05		
	Gayata	10		
	MON (50,100 e 200	04		
	M35	08		
	M966	10		
	M90	690		
	MAY75	222		
	OZM (3,4 e 72)	93		
	PONZ (2 e 2m	45		
	PMN	06		
	PMM1/2	76		
	PPM2	68		
	P5	01		
	PRB (m409)	01		
	PPSrM1	33		
	R1M1	02		
	PMD	10		
	R2M2	01		

	T72	11	
Total		1.304	

2. Transferred for development of and training in (Article 3, par.1)

<i>Institution Authorized by State Party</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Quantity</i>	<i>Lot # (if possible)</i>	<i>Supplementary Information</i>
N/A	N/A	N/A		
Total	<hr/>			

3. Transferred for the purpose of destruction (Article 3 , Para. 2)

<i>Institution Authorized by State Party</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Quantity</i>	<i>Lot # (if possible)</i>	<i>Supplementary Information</i>
N/A	N/A	N/A		
Total	<hr/>			

Form E Status of programs for conversion or de-commissioning of APM production facilities

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

e) The status of programs for the conversion or de-commissioning of anti-personnel mine production facilities."

State Party *Angola*

reporting for time period from: January 2015 to June 2017

Indicate if to "convert" or "decommission"	Status (indicate if "in process" or "completed")	Supplementary information
N/A	N/A	N/A

Form F Status of programs for destruction of APMs

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:
 f) The status of programs for the destruction of anti-personnel mines in accordance with Articles 4 and 5, including details of the methods which will be used in destruction, the location of all destruction sites and the applicable safety and environmental standards to be observed."

State Party Angola

reporting for time period from: January 2015 to June 2017

1. Status of programs for destruction of stockpiled APMs (Article 4)

Description of the status of programs including,	In the polygons of destruction of war materials from the military regions (see Form G)
Location and Places of Destruction	
Methods	The destruction of mines in demining areas is usually done by detonation of explosive with electrical and pyrotechnic system.
Safety Measures	The safety measures adopted for the destruction of anti-personnel program mines comply with the provisions prescribed in the document "Standard Procedure for Humanitarian Demining of national reference - PCOS, in particular the adoption of the IMAS 11:10 (Guides for the destruction of stockpiled AP)
Applicable environmental standards:	The destruction is done in such way so as it does not affect the existing infra-structures and the environment in general.

Form G APMs destroyed after entry into force

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

g) The types and quantities of all anti-personnel mines destroyed after the entry into force of this Convention for that State Party, to include a breakdown of the quantity of each type of anti-personnel mine destroyed, in accordance with Articles 4 and 5, respectively, along with, if possible, the lot numbers of each type anti-personnel mine in the case of destruction in accordance with Article 4"-

State Party *Angola*

reporting for time period from: January 2015 to June 2017

1. Destruction of Stockpiled Anti-Personnel Landmines (Article 4.)

Angola as a State party to the Ottawa Convention has fulfilled and disposed all stockpiled anti-personnel mines under article 4 within the deadline, ie on January 2007. This process was undertaken by the Angola Armed Forces with the technical advisory from UNDP and direct coordination of CNIDAH.

During this process all types and quantities of mines related to *form G* were disposed based from previous reports and according to the additional information from *form B* of the present report.

2. Destruction of APMs in mined areas (Article 5)

<i>Type</i>	<i>Quantities</i>	<i>Supplementary Information</i>
Diverse	Please see tables in the Article 5 Extension Request (2018-2025)	1. We are in the process of update the database with all information we have gathered from INAD and CED outside IMSMA.

TABLE OF PROVISIONAL RESULTS FOR THE NON TECHNICAL SURVEY BY APRIL 2018

Nº	Provincia	Operador	Results/Minefield		Results/Minefield		Current status
			CHA	Área estimada m ²	SHA	Área estimada m ²	
1	Bengo	Halo Trust	55	4.278.431	0		Completed
2	Benguela	Halo Trust	71	4.305.107	0		Completed
3	Bié	Halo Trust	119	6.007.303	0		Completed
4	Cabinda	INAD	2	49.500	34	7.643.567	To commence
5	Huambo	Halo Trust	5	517.497	0		Completed
6	Huíla	Halo Trust	17	3.219.680	0		Completed
7	Kuando Kubango	Halo Trust	248	22.666.069	0		Completed
8	Kunene	Halo Trust	33	2.575.367	0		Completed
9	Kwanza Norte	APN	41	7.038.501	0		Completed
10	Kwanza Sul	Halo Trust	127	8.585.995	1	35.000	Completed
11	Luanda	Halo Trust	9	1.121.211	0		Completed
12	Lunda Norte	MAG			47	7.756.788	Ongoing
13	Lunda Sul	MAG	9	523.980	96	39.776.600	Ongoing
14	Malanje	APN	10	1.569.312	0		Completed
15	Moxico	MAG	186	11.254.849	40	1.196.085	Ongoing
16	Namibe	Halo Trust	3	253.750	0		Completed
17	Uíge	APN	47	6.513.964	3	1.860.000	Ongoing
18	Zaire	APN	17	8.823.000	0		Completed
Grand Total			999	89.303.516	221	58.268.040	

CED PROGRESS TABLE (To be updated)

Área m ²	Road m ²	High VI TL m ²	AP	AT	UXOs	Lethal ordnances	Diverse ordnances(kg)
37.090.110	37.090.110	156.360.600	1.646	218	226.942	137.328	3.182.595
6.306.870	6.306.870	182.405.600	337	76	65.699	33.968	648.615
7.122.330	7.122.330	17.800.600	124	199	9.258	96.324	263.703
			2.107	493	301.899		
50.519.310	50.519.310	356.566.800	4.214	986	603.798	267.620	409.4913

Table 2. Satus on demining by CED as from 2015 to June 2017

Form H Technical characteristics of each type produced/owned or possessed

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

h) The technical characteristics of each type of anti-personnel mine produced, to the extent known, and those currently owned or possessed by a State Party, giving, where reasonably possible, such categories of information as may facilitate identification and clearance of anti-personnel mines; at a minimum, this information shall include the dimensions, fusing, explosive content, metallic content, color photographs and other information which may facilitate mine clearance".

State Party

Angola

reporting for time period from: June 2017 to April 2018

1. Technical characteristics of each APM-type produced:

There was never any production of APMs in the Republic of Angola

2. Technical characteristics of each APM-type currently owned or possessed

Contrary to the information from the previous report, where it does not only mention each types of anti-personnel mines but also the anti-tank mines that could be found in the territory, about 79 types of anti-personnel mines including some anti-tank mines from 21 different countries were found, according to the updated information from demining operators (FAA, INAD, national and international NGOs and commercial operators) having their technical specifications been already described in previous reports.

Type	Dimensions	Fusing	Explosive content		Metallic content	Colour photo attached	Supplementary information to facilitate mine clearance.
			Type	Grams			
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				See technical specifications in previous reports.

Form I Measures to provide warning to the population

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

- i) The measures taken to provide an immediate and effective warning to the population in relation to all areas identified under paragraph 2 of Article 5."

Remark: In accordance with Article 5, para.2: "Each State Party shall make every effort to identify all areas under its jurisdiction or control in which anti-personnel mines are known or suspected to be emplaced and shall ensure as soon as possible that all anti-personnel mines in mined areas under its jurisdiction or control are perimeter-marked, monitored and protected by fencing or other means, to ensure the effective exclusion of civilians, until all anti-personnel mines contained therein have been destroyed. The marking shall at least be to the standards set out in the Protocol on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Mines, Booby-Traps and Other Devices, as amended on 3 May 1996, annexed to the Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects".

1. Protection of civilians in mined areas

During the period referred on this Article 7 Report, Angola had not implemented many actions of ERM due to lack of funds allocated for this area.

1.1 Awareness

Few actions were developed to raise awareness among citizens and communities at risk, most of them involving primary school teachers and traditional and community leaders.

Media, especially radio, local and national and television (public channel) and community theater were used in advertisements, alerting to the dangers that mines pose to citizens and communities.

Very few awareness-raising meetings were also held with long course drivers and other professionals using hazardous areas.

1.2 Awareness and Marking

During the mentioned period, in some regions of the country we notice that areas were signaled and marked using local materials. Such a technique is provisional and is part of the package of measures to prevent civilians from suspected and confirmed hazardous areas.

Form J Other relevant matters

Some information given is provisional due to the ongoing work by the Technical Groups.

Article 7.1: “ States Parties may use this form to report voluntarily on other relevant matters, including matters pertaining to compliance and implementation not covered by the formal reporting requirements contained in Article 7. States Parties are encouraged to use this form to report on activities undertaken with respect to Article 6, and in particular to report on assistance provided for the care and rehabilitation, and social and economic reintegration, of mine victims. The Angolan government continues its effort to provide better and customized assistance to mine victims. In 2017, the following actions were performed, as follow:

ACTIVITIES CARRIED OUT IN ACCORDANCE WITH PREVIOUSLY ESTABLISHED OBJECTIVES

Objective 1 - Improving Achievements the knowledge of the victims' situation.

The project to register and update data on victims is the core activity for the objective, distributing its activities from registration to insertion to dissemination of data.

Strengthen assistance through better knowledge of the situation of mine victims;

The activity began in the Namibe Province, reached 50% of the Provinces, knew its interruption in 2014, due to lack of funds.

At the beginning of the year, the project had been updated, reviewing the issues

regarding implementation and budget strategies, regrettably not out of paper. Despite the socio-economic circumstances, the Department held meetings with the advertising company BIG MÉDIA and TPA, with the aim of preparing advertising material such as banners, billboards and advertising spots.

She also had meetings with the future godmother and the main face of the project, singer Yola Semedo, to capture her image for billboards, banners and spots. Images of people with disabilities who were victims of mines were also captured for the same purpose.

Objective 2 - Enhancing coordination

Strengthening coordination of the mine victim assistance sector

Achievements

Activities such as help and control visits, work meetings and information gathering, training of partners, raising funds / support, as well as field visits (projects implemented, implemented or implemented) of our partners. Activities such as participation in conferences, participatory planning, were not carried out due to lack of funds.

A meeting was held with nine (9) women victims of mines in order to get to know more about their main needs and aspirations. From this meeting, the participants concluded that there is every need to establish an association of disabled women victims of landmines to facilitate access to support and the implementation of different actions.

Also in this context, the Department met with the stylist Nadir Taty, with the aim of analyzing the possibility of raising funds inside and outside the country, to support the victims of mines.

Regarding the collection of reports from the partners, it was done at a distance and made it easier to collect the information we present.

Objective 3 - Awareness
raising and advocacy

Achievements

Support awareness and
advocacy programs on the
rights of mine victims

The main objective is the collection and compilation of the different diplomas
that defend disabled people. For this year, nothing was done.

Objective 4 - Awareness raising and advocacy

Ensure the quality, sustainability and accessibility of mine victims to specialized physical rehabilitation services

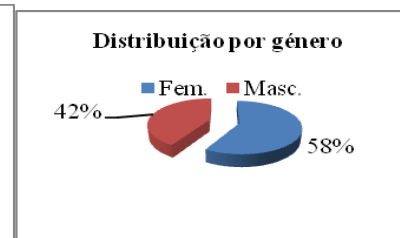
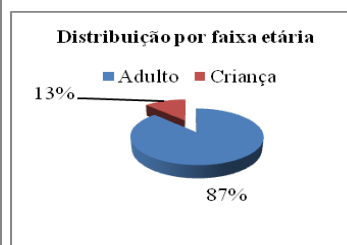
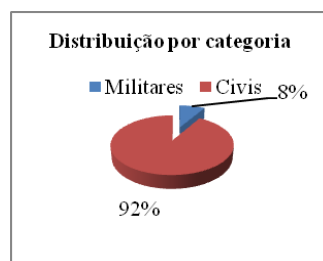
Achievements

Ensuring the quality, sustainability and accessibility of mine victims to specialized physical rehabilitation services Throughout the year and according to available information, much has been done in the area, but much more could be reported if all partners reports of activities.

Briefly, we present the (actual) picture of the achievements in the chapter under analysis:

Attended users

Category	Adults		Child		Total
	Masc	Fem	Masc	Fem	
Military	4				4
Civilians	12	26	4	2	44
Grand total					48

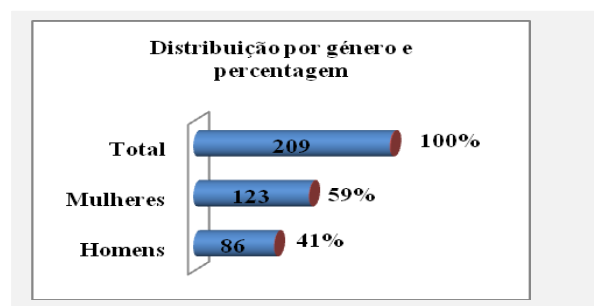


Physiotherapy service.

Throughout the year, many users had access to physiotherapy services. A fundamental service in the physical rehabilitation of the disabled person. Thus, the data presented do not reflect the reality of the country, but rather a single Orthopedic Center based in Luanda Province, Neves Bendinha Orthopedic Center. Over the course of the year he attended the following users:

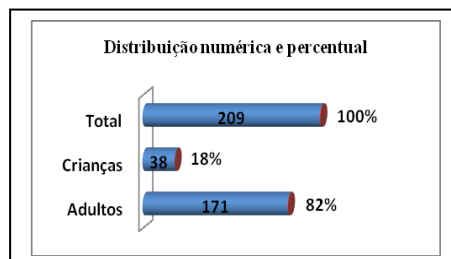
Individual Sessions.

Adults		Child		Total
Masc.	Fem	Masc.	Fem	
63	108	23	15	209



Group Sessions

Adults		Child		Total
Masc.	Fem	Masc.	Fem	
126	216	46	30	418



In general, 627 sessions were performed: 189 with men, 324 with women, 69 with male children and 45 with female children.

Registered users: a total of 38 patients were registered for the physiotherapy services, of which 8 were male, 24 were female, 4 were male, 2 were female.

Users consulted: 8 were male, 18 were female, 3 were male, 2 were female, 31 were female.

Diversity of symptoms / diseases presented.

Symptoms / Diseases	N° patients		Total
	Masc.	Fem.	
Muscle weakness	1	2	3
Sprain		1	1
Facial paralysis	1		1
Joint stiffness		2	2
Ligament breakage	1		1
Algas MMII	1	1	2
Circumcision		1	1
Fractures	1		1
Remytoid Arthritis	1		1
Low back	1	6	7
Hemiparesis	2	3	5
Gonalgia	1	1	2
Little foot	1		1
A:D:P:M:		1	1
	Grand Total		29

Technical Help

One of the components that are part of the rehabilitation process has to do with access to technical aids that, according to the technical recommendation, users should use to improve their recovery, thus increasing their self-esteem.

Thus, over the past year, institutions such as CNIDAH, MINARS, Lwini Foundation, Neves Bendinhas Orthopedic Center, assisted their partners and clients with various means.

1. Conclusion.

In conclusion, we regret the fact that the activities planned for the year now have not been fully implemented for financial reasons.

2.Recommendations

In view of the complexity and worldwide dynamics of the work carried out, specifically in the area of assistance to vulnerable groups, we recommend:

- That staff in the area participate in seminars and training in countries with greater experience in the area;
- That the implementation of the registration project be resumed, knowing that it is an important element for the country and not only.
- That there is financial availability for the accomplishment of specific tasks;
- That the Rapid Response Fund be reactivated and made available.

Thank you