



## Article 7 Report - 1 January to 31 December 2025

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### Anti-Personnel Mine Ban Convention Annual Article 7 Reporting

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Welcome to the online reporting platform,

- The online reporting platform has been established to support your reporting efforts in accordance with the Guide to Reporting.
- In accordance with Article 7, your report is required to be submitted to the depository of the Convention by **30 April** each year.
- Please fill out your contact information first and then proceed to the summary report. For every section of the summary report, please indicate if the information is "changed", "unchanged" or "not applicable". Once you have filled out the summary report, you will only be allowed to fill out forms where you indicated that information has "changed" in the summary report.
- For guidance on reporting, please refer to the Guide to Reporting available under 'My Reports'.
- You may attach files where relevant. Please note that all attachments together should not exceed the size limit of 5MB.
- You will be able to save, edit and view your report before you submit it. You may return to previous questions, save and logout at any time.
  - To save your report, click on the '**SAVE**' button which you will find at the bottom of each page.
  - To edit your report, go to 'My Reports', select the report you want to edit, and click '**EDIT**'.
  - To view your report, click on the '**PDF**' button which you will find at the bottom of each page.
  - To submit your report, first save your report. You will then be directed to "My Reports" where you can click on the '**SUBMIT**' button.
- When you submit your report, it will be sent directly to the depository and copied to the ISU. You will receive a confirmation email that your report has been submitted.
- Once submitted, you will be able to view but not edit your report.
- Should you encounter any difficulty while using the online reporting platform, please contact the ISU at [isu@apminebanconvention.org](mailto:isu@apminebanconvention.org)



## Contact information

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Please fill out your contact information (mandatory).

State Party

Japan

Reporting Period

1 January - 31 December 2025

Name of Responsible Authority

Conventional Arms Division, Ministry of Foreign Affairs

Point of Contact

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## Summary report

For every section of the summary report, please indicate if the information is "changed", "unchanged" or "not applicable".

The option to fill out the detailed form(s) will only be available for the section(s) where you have indicated information has "changed". If an indication is made in the summary report that the information to be provided with respect to a particular form is "unchanged" in relationship to a previous year's form, the date of submission of the previous form should be clearly indicated. The option to fill out the detailed form will not appear.

The summary report can be used as a substitute for submitting the detailed report only if all of the information to be provided in the annual report is the same as in past reports.

### A. National implementation measures:

- changed  
 unchanged

Last reporting year:

### B. Stockpiled anti-personnel mines:

- changed  
 unchanged  
 non applicable

### C. Anti-personnel mines retained or transferred for permitted purposes:

- changed  
 unchanged  
 non applicable

### D. Areas known or suspected to contain anti-personnel mines:

- changed  
 unchanged  
 non applicable

### E. Mine risk education and reduction efforts

- changed  
 unchanged  
 non applicable

### F. Technical characteristics of anti-personnel mines:

- changed  
 unchanged  
 non applicable

### G. Conversion or decommissioning of anti-personnel mine production facilities:

- changed  
 unchanged  
 non applicable

### H. Victim assistance:

- changed  
 unchanged  
 non applicable

### I. Cooperation and assistance:

- changed  
 unchanged  
 non applicable

### J. Other relevant matters:

- changed  
 unchanged  
 non applicable

### Add any additional information

### Attachments (eg. Note Verbale)

No attachment.

### C. Anti-personnel mines retained or transferred for permitted purposes

#### 1. Retained anti-personnel mines

Insert information on anti-personnel mines retained for permitted purposes as of 31 December of the previous year.

Institution authorised by the State Party	Type	Quantity Retained	Lot Numbers
Ministry of Defence	Type 63 Anti-Personnel Mine	5	ST-2-3A-K
Ministry of Defence	Type 80 Anti-Personnel Mine	1	CY-10-28
Ministry of Defence	Type 87 Helicopter-carried Scatterable Anti-Personnel Mine Ver. A	167	NS-61-7, NS-61-8
Ministry of Defence	Type 87 Helicopter-carried Scatterable Anti-Personnel Mine Ver. B	67	NS-61-7, NS-61-8
Ministry of Defence	Type 87 Helicopter-carried Scatterable Anti-Personnel Mine Ver. C	59	NS-61-7, NS-61-8
Ministry of Defence	Type M3 Anti-Personnel Mine	242	KOP-5-31

**Total**

541

#### 2. Anti-personnel mines used for permitted purposes

Insert information on anti-personnel mines used during the reporting period for permitted purposes (e.g. training mine detection dogs, testing demining machines and studying the effect of the blast of various types of anti-personnel mines on demining equipment).

Type	Quantity Used	Authorised Institution	Lot Numbers	Actual use
Type 87 Helicopter-carried Scatterable Anti-Personnel Mine Ver. A	5	Ministry of Defence	NS-61-7, NS-61-8	testing demining machines
Type M3 Anti-Personnel Mine	1	Ministry of Defence	KOP-5-31	testing demining machines

**Total**

6

#### 3. Transferred anti-personnel mines

Insert information on anti-personnel mines transferred for permitted purposes (e.g. development of and training in mine detection, mine clearance or mine destruction techniques or for the purpose of destruction).

Type	Quantity Transferred	Authorised Institution	Lot Numbers	Recipient State	Purpose of transfer



**Total**

0

**4. Additional information**

Insert additional information on anti-personnel mines retained or transferred for permitted purposes (e.g. future planned use of retained mines, receipt of anti-personnel mines, any increase or decrease in the number of retained anti-personnel mines.)

During the reporting period, Japan used anti-personnel mines for education and training. In 2026, Japan plans to use anti-personnel mines for education and training in mine detection and mine clearance.

**5. Efforts to annually review the number of mines retained for permitted purposes**

Insert information on efforts to annually review the number of mines retained to ensure that they do not exceed the minimum number absolutely necessary for permitted purposes.

Chief of Staff of GSDF (Ground Self Defense Force) and Commissioner of ATLA (Acquisition, Technology & Logistics Agency) reports to the Ministry of Defense the amounts of mines used and stored on a quarterly basis according to relevant internal regulations.

**6. Efforts to explore alternatives**

Insert information on efforts to explore alternatives to using live anti-personnel mines for permitted purposes.

Japan has been making efforts to replace the use of live mines by using simulated mines in some of training.

## I. Cooperation and assistance

### 1. Cooperation

Insert information on cooperation (e.g. cooperation and assistance provided by your State, requirements for cooperation and assistance and cooperation received (e.g. financial, technical advice, exchange of experiences, etc.) and partnerships for completion forged.

#### **Universalization efforts (Action 11)**

In 2025, Japan, as the President of the 22nd Meeting of the States Parties (22MSP) to the Anti-Personnel Mine Ban Convention, carried out the following efforts for universalization:

- (a) The President convened seven meetings of the Universalization Coordination Group to share information on universalization efforts;
- (b) On 2 April 2025, the President co-hosted, together with Australia, an outreach event to engage with Geneva-based Missions of Pacific Island countries on conventions related to conventional weapons. In addition to the APMBC, briefings and discussions also covered the Arms Trade Treaty, the Convention on Cluster Munitions and the Convention on Certain Conventional Weapons;
- (c) On 6 May 2025, the President sent a letter to States not party to the Convention to invite them to participate as observers in the Intersessional Meetings to be held from 17-20 June 2025, and to seek clarification of their position on ratifying or acceding to the Convention, and to inquire about measures implemented nationally to support the objectives of the Convention;
- (d) The President met and exchanged views with representatives of States not party or States that became party this year--Lao PDR, Lebanon, the Marshall Islands, Micronesia and Tonga--in the course of the year, including during the Intersessional Meetings and on the margins of the UN General Assembly. The President continued to maintain a permanent agenda item on universalization at the Coordinating Committee meetings;
- (e) On 10 October 2025, the President met with the Permanent Representative of the Marshall Islands and representatives of the Federated States of Micronesia at a Pacific Lunch held on the margins of the UN General Assembly in New York;
- (f) The President continued her engagement, in the course of the year, with the Permanent Representatives of the States Parties that were considering or decided to withdraw from the Convention, and the Permanent Representative of Ukraine;
- (g) The President continued universalization outreach efforts including on the margins of the 22MSP.

#### **Cooperation and Assistance (Action 40, 43, 44 and 45)**

- (1) With the aim of realizing a "mine-free Africa" by strengthening national ownership and capacity for mine action in African countries, Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA), Cambodia Mine Action Center (CMAC), United Nations Mine Action Services (UNMAS) and national mine action organizations from Ethiopia, Nigeria, Somalia, South Sudan and Zambia jointly launched the "Africa Mine Action Platform" at the 9th Tokyo International Conference for African Development (TICAD9) in August 2025.
- (2) Japan promoted Triangular Cooperation with Cambodia, including capacity building assistance to third countries such as Angola, Colombia, Ethiopia, Iraq, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Nigeria, Somalia, South Sudan, Ukraine, Vietnam, and Zambia.
- (3) Japan provided wide supports to various states in the area of mine survey and detection, mine clearance, risk education and victim assistance etc. Please see the attached list for the information on each cooperation and assistance provided by Japan in FY2025 (between 1 April 2025 and 31 March 2026).

### 2. Efforts to strengthen national coordination

Insert information on efforts undertaken by your State to strengthen national coordination including by ensuring regular dialogue with national and international stakeholders on progress, challenges and support for implementation of your State's obligations under the Convention including through, where relevant, the establishment of an appropriate national platform for regular dialogue among all stakeholders.

N/A

### 3. Efforts to integrate mine action activities

If your State is a beneficiary of assistance, insert information on efforts to integrate mine action activities into other frameworks (e.g. humanitarian response plans, strategies for the inclusion of persons with disabilities) and the financial commitment of your State to implementation.

N/A

### 4. Gender and diversity

If your State is a provider of assistance, insert information on how the different needs and perspectives of women, girls, boys and men, including mine survivors and affected communities, is considered in the provision of cooperation and assistance.

**(Action 5)**



In general, based on the "Development Cooperation Charter" and the "Development Strategy for Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment," Japan considers gender mainstreaming and the respect for fundamental human rights, including women's rights, to be of utmost importance, and appropriately implements development cooperation.

Based on the concept of Women, Peace and Security (WPS), it is important to ensure substantive participation of women in any of the responses, and to take necessary measures to increase inclusion of women and children (Strategy for Mine Action under JICA Global Agenda for Peacebuilding approved in October 2024).

Japan set four priority areas during its Presidency of the 22nd MSP and one of them was "strengthening the synergies between the Women Peace and Security (WPS) agenda and mine action."

Ambassador ICHIKAWA Tomiko (Ms.) served as the President of the 22MSP from December 2024 to December 2025. Furthermore, Ms. NAGAI Nana, First Secretary at the Delegation of Japan to the Conference on Disarmament, moderated the side event during the 28th International Meeting of Mine Action National Directors and United Nations Advisers (NDM-UN28) in April 2025, titled "25 years of the Women, Peace and Security (WPS) Agenda - Maintaining progress across pillars of mine action."

## 5. Efforts to develop and promote cooperation

Insert information on efforts undertaken to develop and promote bilateral, regional and international cooperation and sharing of best practices.

Please see attached table for the information on the cooperation and assistance provide by Japan in FY2025 (1 April 2025 - 31 March 2026).

## J. Other relevant matters

### Other relevant matters

Insert information on any other relevant matters concerning implementation.

#### **(Based on SRAAP Action 10)**

Japan paid its assessed contributions to the APMBC (January 2025) and made a voluntary financial contribution to the ISU (CHF 14,205 in 2025).

### Attachments

Attach relevant documents. (e.g. photos)

Japan 2025 Cooperation\_Assistance.pdf

161 KB

**Form J Other relevant matters**

Remark: States Parties may use this form to report voluntarily on other relevant matters, including matters pertaining to compliance and implementation not covered by the formal reporting requirements contained in Article 7. States Parties are encouraged to use this form to report on activities undertaken with respect to Article 6, and in particular to report on assistance provided for the care and rehabilitation, and social and economic reintegration, of mine victims.

State [Party]: Japan reporting for time period from 01/04/2025 to 31/03/2026

**International assistance extended by the Government of Japan from 1 April 2025 to 31 March 2026.** (In Japan, the fiscal year begins on 1 April and ends on 31 March.)

<b>Country</b>	<b>Recipient / Implementer</b>	<b>Project Name (main focus of project)</b>	<b>US\$</b>
<b>Cambodia</b>	Cambodian Mine Action Centre (CMAC)	the Project for Integrated Mine Clearance and Landmine Victim Assistance (Phase 3) (mine clearance)	11,529,332
<b>Central African Republic</b>	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)	Strengthening Life-Saving Humanitarian Response and Community Resilience in Haute-Kotto, CAR (risk education, enlightenment)	126,800
<b>Colombia</b>	United Nations Mine Action Service (UNMAS)	The Project for Promoting Mine Action in Conflict Affected Areas (general)	4,466,667
<b>Ethiopia</b>	International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC)	Emergency and Rehabilitation Activities for Ethiopia (other)	103,223
<b>Israel</b>	International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC)	Emergency and Rehabilitation Activities for Israel and the Occupied Territories (general)	235,445
<b>Lao PDR</b>	Terra Renaissance	Project to establish a sustainable implementation system of Explosive Ordnance Risk Education (EORE) for young children and to strengthen livelihoods of vulnerable groups (risk education, enlightenment)	168,449
<b>Lebanese Republic</b>	United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)	Advancing Human Security through the HDP Nexus Approach in Crisis-Affected Countries (risk education, enlightenment)	864,000

<b>Myanmar</b>	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)	The Project for the Improvement of Access to Social Services at Educational Facilities and their Surrounding Communities Affected by the Earthquake (risk education, enlightenment)	5,000,000
	International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC)	Emergency and Rehabilitation Activities for Myanmar (general)	247,794
<b>Nigeria</b>	United Nations Mine Action Service (UNMAS)	Enabling safe and dignified IDP returns: mitigating the threat from explosive ordnance in northeast Nigeria (general)	266,666
<b>Palau</b>	Japan Mine Action Service (JMAS)	Support for the Republic of Palau in the development of public infrastructure and the establishment of a marine safety enhancement framework through ERW processing (other)	622,780
<b>Palestine</b>	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)	Providing health, nutrition and child protection services for vulnerable children and their families in Palestine (general)	3,150,000
	United Nations Mine Action Service (UNMAS)	Humanitarian Mine Action to Address Explosive Ordnance in the Occupied Palestinian Territory (general)	5,026,666
<b>Senegal</b>	Japan Mine Action Service (JMAS)	Support project for disposal of mine and unexploded ordnance in Ziguinchor Region (mine clearance)	663,989
<b>Somalia</b>	United Nations Mine Action Service (UNMAS)	Emergency support for sustaining the Somali police force's explosive (general)	66,666
<b>South Sudan</b>	International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC)	Emergency and Rehabilitation Activities for South Sudan (other)	144,213
	United Nations Mine Action Service (UNMAS)	The Project for the Improvement of Working Environment for Mine Action Agencies (general)	2,320,455
<b>Sri Lanka</b>	The HALO Trust	The Project for Landmine Clearance in Pachchilaipalli, Kilinochchi District in the Northern Province (mine clearance)	449,999
	Mines Advisory Group (MAG)	The Project for Landmine Clearance in Eravurpattu, Batticaloa, Eastern Province (mine clearance)	449,999

	Delvon Assistance for Social Harmony (DASH)	The Project for Landmine Clearance in Maritimpattu, Mullaitivu District in the Northern Province (mine clearance)	450,000
	SKAVITA HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE AND RELIEF PROJECT (SHARP)	The Project for the Landmine Clearance in Pudukudiriuppu, Mullaitivu District in the Northern Province (mine clearance)	477,185
	United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)	Gender Responsive Advancement and Operational Enhancement for Women Deminers in the Northern and Eastern Provinces of Sri Lanka (general)	1,160,000
<b>Sudan</b>	United Nations Mine Action Service (UNMAS)	Scaling National Mine Action Capacity and Explosive Ordnance Risk Education Response amid Sudan's Humanitarian Crisis (general)	173,333
<b>Syrian Arab Republic</b>	United Nations Mine Action Service (UNMAS)	The Project for Clearance of Mine and Unexploded Ordnance and Rehabilitation of Agricultural Infrastructure in Conflict Affected Areas (mine clearance)	4,291,254
	International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC)	Emergency and Rehabilitation Activities for the Syrian Arab Republic (general)	44,868
	United Nations Mine Action Service (UNMAS)	Reducing explosive ordnance risks to enhance food and human security and the safe and durable return of displaced people and refugees in the Governorates of Aleppo, Ar-Raqqa, Daraa, Deir Ez-Zor, Hama, Homs and Idleb in Syria (general)	440,000
<b>Ukraine</b>	United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)	Inclusive Recovery Support for Resilience and Human Security (general)	3,000,000
	Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA)	The Programme for Emergency Response on Humanitarian Mine Action and UXO Clearance (mine clearance)	27,210,000
	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)	Emergency humanitarian assistance for conflict-affected children and families in Ukraine (general)	1,850,000
	International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC)	Emergency and Rehabilitation Activities for Ukraine (general)	133,294

	Association for Aid and Relief, Japan (AAR Japan)	Emergency Response to Explosive Ordnance Affected Communities in Mykolaiv Oblast: Enhancing Community Resilience through Landmine/Unexploded Ordnance Risk Education (risk education, enlightenment)	160,000
	Good Neighbors Japan (GNJP)	Explosive Ordnance Risk Education and Psychosocial Support in De-Occupied Villages of Kherson Oblast, Ukraine (risk education, enlightenment)	160,000
	United Nations Mine Action Service (UNMAS)	Accelerating National Capacity for Quality Assurance (QA) and Non-Technical Survey (NTS) with Drone-Based Support for Humanitarian Mine Action in Ukraine (general)	1,020,000
<b>Yemen</b>	International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC)	Emergency and Rehabilitation Activities for Yemen (general)	64,249
	United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)	Advancing Human Security through the HDP Nexus Approach in Crisis-Affected Countries (general)	972,000
<b>Zimbabwe</b>	United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)	The Project for Enhancing Resilience of Communities through Mine Clearance and the Improvement of the Agricultural Infrastructure	3,000,000
<b>Other</b>	United Nations Mine Action Service (UNMAS)	UNMAS Headquarters Coordination Cost (general)	25,885
	<b>Total</b>		<b>80,535,211</b>