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PERMANENT MISSION OF THAILAND
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1202 GENEVA

The Permanent Mission of Thailand to the United Nations Office and other International Organizations in Geneva presents its compliments to the United Nations Office for Disarmament Affairs (Geneva Branch) and, with reference to the Note from the Coordinator of the Article 7 Contact Group dated 28 April 2014, requesting State Parties to provide updates on the implementation of Article 7 of the Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-Personnel Mines and on Their Destruction, has the honour to transmit herewith Thailand's updates for information.

The Permanent Mission of Thailand to the United Nations Office and other International Organizations in Geneva avails itself of this opportunity to renew to the United Nations Office for Disarmament Affairs (Geneva Branch) the assurances of its high consideration.



MBC Article 7 Officer,
United Nations Office for Disarmament Affairs (Geneva Branch),
GENEVA.

**CONVENTION ON THE PROHIBITION OF THE USE, STOCKPILING, PRODUCTION AND TRANSFER OF
ANTI-PERSONNEL MINES AND ON THEIR DESTRUCTION**

Reporting Formats for Article 7

STATE PARTY: THAILAND

POINT OF CONTACT:

Thailand Mine Action Center (TMAC)

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DATE OF SUBMISSION:

30 April 2013

(ONLY FOR THE PURPOSES OF CLARIFICATION)

Form A National implementation measures

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

a) The national implementation measures referred to in Article 9."

Remark: In accordance with Article 9, "Each State Party shall take all appropriate legal, administrative and other measures, including the imposition of penal sanctions, to prevent and suppress any activity prohibited to a State Party under this Convention undertaken by persons or on territory under its jurisdiction or control".

State (Party)	THAILAND	Reporting for time period from	1 JAN 2013	To	31 DEC 2013
Measures				Supplementary information (e.g., effective date of implementation & text of legislation attached).	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Firearms, Ammunition, Explosive, Fireworks and the Equivalent of Firearms Act B.E.2490 (1947) Control of Exports of Armaments and War Materials Out of the Kingdom Act B.E.2495 (1952) - Armament Control Act B.E. 2530 (1987) The Office of the Prime Minister Regulations Governing the Implementation of the Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-Personnel Mines and on Their Destruction B.E.2545 (2002) The Office of the Prime Minister Regulations Governing the Receipt, Keeping and Sending of Aid Money or Aid Goods for the Purpose of Conducting Activities Concerning Mines B.E.2545 (2002) 				<p>- Thailand continues to consider regulations that will streamline and improve national implementation of the Landmine Ban Convention. Such considerations will take into account current legislations along with the Military and Police Codes of Conducts which provide severe penal sanctions to all acts in contravention of the Convention</p>	

Form B Stockpiled anti-personnel mines

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

b) The total of all stockpiled anti-personnel mines owned or possessed by it, or under its jurisdiction or control, to include a breakdown of the type, quantity and, if possible, lot numbers of each type of anti-personnel mine stockpiled."

State (Party)	THAILAND	Reporting for time period from	1 JAN 2013	To	31 DEC 2013
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1. Total of stockpiled anti-personnel mines

Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information
N/A	N/A	N/A	All Stockpiled Anti-personnel Landmines were destroyed since April 24, 2003, as detailed in previous reports
TOTAL			

2. Previously unknown stockpiles of anti-personnel mines discovered after the deadlines have passed. *(Action #15 of Nairobi Action Plan)*

Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information
N/A	N/A	N/A	No previously unknown stockpiles have been discovered in 2013
TOTAL			

Form C Location of mined areas

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

c) To the extent possible, the location of all mined areas that contain, or are suspected to contain, anti-personnel mines under its jurisdiction or control, to include as much detail as possible regarding the type and quantity of each type of anti-personnel mine in each mined area and when they were emplaced."

State (Party)	THAILAND	Reporting for time period from	1 JAN 2013	To	31 DEC 2013
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1. Areas that contain mines

Location	Type ¹	Quantity ²	Date of emplacement	Supplementary information
18 provinces: Sa Kaeo, Chantaburi, Trad, Surin, Burirum, Srisaket, Ubon ratchathani, Phayao, Uttaradit, Nan, Pitsanulok, Tak, Chiang Mai, Mae Hong Sorn, Chiang Rai, Choomporn, Nakorn Sri Thammarat, Yala	M 14	116	Not known	¹ Type of anti-personnel mines recovered in the areas that contain mines in 2013 ² Quantity of anti-personnel mines recovered in the areas that contain mines in 2013, separated by type
	M 16	48		
	M 16 A1	33		
	M 16 A2	1		
	MN 79	46		
	MD 82 B	32		
	PMD 6	1		
	PMD 6 M	614		
	PMN	1,093		
	POMZ	17		
	POMZ – 2	39		
	TYPE 69	333		
	TYPE 72	169		
		2,542		

2. Areas suspected to contain mines*

Location	Type	Quantity	Date of emplacement	Supplementary information

Form C bis:

In 2013, the total Confirmed Hazardous Area (CHA) was 528,672,731 square meters of which 307,953 square meters have been cleared, and 31,606,125 square meters have been released.

The total mined area from 2000-2013 was 2,562,131,833 square meters. Now the areas of 62,764,971 square meters** have been totally cleared and the total reduction areas were 2,002,608,209 square meters. By the end of the year 2013, the CHA in Thailand was 496,758,653 square meters.

Thailand Mine Action Center (TMAC) conducts demining activities through its four Humanitarian Mine Action Units (HMAUs). Each HMAUs have Areas of Responsibilities (AOR) as follows:

1. HMAU 1 operates along the Thai-Cambodia border with AOR of 15.58 square kilometers.
2. HMAU 2 operates along the Thai-Cambodia border with AOR of 106.91 square kilometers.
3. HMAU 3 operates along the Thai-Cambodia border with AOR of 293.72 square kilometers.
4. HMAU 4 operates along the Thai-Laos and Thai-Myanmar borders with AOR of 104.40 square kilometers.
5. There are mined areas of 8.07 square kilometers in Southern Thailand.

Non-Governmental Agencies, namely Norwegian People's Aid (NPA) and APOPO&PRO, also conduct Technical and Non-Technical Surveys in areas in the AORs of HMAU 3 and HMAU 4.

In the calendar year of 2013 (1 January – 31 December), the four HMAUs and NGOs achieved the following:

- HMAU 1 had released 4,891,887 square meters through Technical Survey and Non-Technical Survey of confirmed Hazardous Areas (CHA) and handed over 8,332,266 square meters to the stakeholders.
- HMAU 2 had released 6,261,853 square meters through Technical Survey and Non Technical Survey of CHA and handed over 6,750,794 square meters to the stakeholders.
- HMAU 3 had released 6,291,886 square meters through Technical Survey and Non Technical Survey and handed over 8,040,706 square meters to the stakeholders.
- HMAU 4 had released 11,012,158 square meters through Technical Survey and Non-Technical Survey and handed over 8,504,392 square meters to the stakeholders.

- NPA had released the areas of 1,838,429 square meters through Technical Survey and Non-Technical Survey and handed over 2,861,937 square meters to the stakeholders.
- APOPO & PRO had released the areas of 1,309,912 square meters through Non-Technical Survey and handed over 1,879,663 square meters to the stakeholders.

(Remarks: **Adjusted to reflect reassessment and verification of areas during 2013 by TMAC)

Form D APMs retained or transferred

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

d) The types, quantities and, if possible, lot numbers of all anti-personnel mines retained or transferred for the development of and training in mine detection, mine clearance or mine destruction techniques, or transferred for the purpose of destruction, as well as the institutions authorized by a State Party to retain or transfer anti-personnel mines, in accordance with Article 3"

State (Party)	THAILAND	Reporting for time period from	1 JAN 2013	To	31 DEC 2013
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1a. **Compulsory:** Retained for development of and training in (*Article 3, para.1*)

Institution authorized by State Party	Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary Information
Royal Thai Army (RTA)	APM.M.2	1		
	APM.M.16	7		
	APM.M.26	1,646		
	APM.TYPE 69	894		
	APM.TYPE 72	94		
	APM.PMN	4		
	TOTAL	2,646		
Royal Thai Air Force (RTAF)	APM.M.14	581		
	TOTAL	581		
Royal Thai Police (RTP)	APM.M.14	-		
	APM.M.16	-		
	TOTAL	-		
	GRAND TOTAL	3,227		

1b. Voluntary information (Action #54 of Nairobi Action Plan)

Objectives	Activity / Project	Supplementary information <i>(Description of programs or activities, their objectives and progress, types of mines, time period if and when appropriate...)</i>

NOTE: Each State Party should provide information on plans and future activities if and when appropriate and reserves the right to modify it at any time

Form D (continued)

2. **Compulsory:** Transferred for development of and training in (*Article 3, para.1*)

Institution authorized by State Party	Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information: e.g. transferred from, transferred to
RTA (Royal Thai Army)	APM M16	15		
	APM M2	8		
	APM M26	15		
	TOTAL	38		
RTP (Royal Thai Police)	APM M14	66		
	APM M16	19		
	TOTAL	85		
GRAND TOTAL		123		

3. **Compulsory:** Transferred for the purpose of destruction (*Article 3, para.2*)

Institution authorized by State Party	Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information: e.g. transferred from, transferred to
TOTAL				

Form E Status of programs for conversion or de-commissioning of APM production facilities

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

e) The status of programs for the conversion or de-commissioning of anti-personnel mine production facilities."

State (Party)	THAILAND	Reporting for time period from	1 JAN 2013	To	31 DEC 2013
Indicate if to "convert" or "decommission"	Status (indicate if "in process" or "completed")	Supplementary information			
N/A	N/A	Thailand does not have any APM production facilities			

Form F Status of programs for destruction of APMs

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

f) The status of programs for the destruction of anti-personnel mines in accordance with Articles 4 and 5, including details of the methods which will be used in destruction, the location of all destruction sites and the applicable safety and environmental standards to be observed."

State (Party)	THAILAND	Reporting for time period from	1 JAN 2013	To	31 DEC 2013
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1. Status of programs for destruction of stockpiled APMs (*Article 4*)

Description of the status of programs including:	Details of:
Location of destruction sites	
	Methods
	Applicable safety standards
	Applicable environmental standards

2. Status of programs for destruction of APMs in mined areas (*Article 5*)

Description of the status of programs including:	Details of :
Location of destruction sites – Destruction sites are operated by HMAUs where APMS are destroyed HMAU 1 = Sa Kaeo Province HMAU 2 = Chanthaburi and Trad Provinces HMAU 3 = Srisaket and Surin Province HMAU 4 = Mae Hong Son Province	Methods: Detonation Applicable safety standards: National Mine Action Standard (NMAS) Applicable environmental standards

Form G APMs destroyed after entry into force

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

g) The types and quantities of all anti-personnel mines destroyed after the entry into force of this Convention for that State Party, to include a breakdown of the quantity of each type of anti-personnel mine destroyed, in accordance with Articles 4 and 5, respectively, along with, if possible, the lot numbers of each type anti-personnel mine in the case of destruction in accordance with Article 4"

State (Party)	THAILAND	Reporting for time period from	1 JAN 2013	To	31 DEC 2013
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1. Destruction of stockpiled APMs (*Article 4*)

Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information
			All stockpiled mines were destroyed since April 24, 2003
TOTAL			

2. Destruction of APMs in mined areas (*Article 5*)

Type	Quantity	Supplementary information
APM M14	182	HMAU 1 = 252 HMAU 2 = 401 HMAU 3 = 1488 HMAU 4 = 3
APM M16A1	152	
APM M16A2	1	
APM MD 82B	37	
APM MN79	184	
APM PMD6M	410	
APM PMN	679	
APM POMZ	3	
APM POMZ-2	39	
APM TYPE69	364	
APM TYPE72	90	
BLU66	2	
M18A1	1	
TOTAL	2,144	

Form G (continued)

3. Previously unknown stockpiles of anti-personnel mines discovered and destroyed after the deadlines have passed. (Action #15 of Nairobi Action Plan)

Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information
TOTAL			

Form H : Technical characteristics of each type produced/owned or possessed.

Article 7.1: "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General...on:

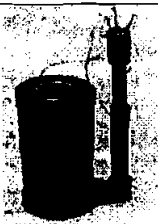

- a) The technical characteristics of each type of anti-personnel mine produced, to the extent known, and those currently owned or possessed by a State Party, giving where reasonably possible, such categories of information as may facilitate identification and clearance of anti-personnel mines, this information shall include the dimensions, fusing, explosive content, metallic content, colour photographs and other information which may facilitate mine clearance."



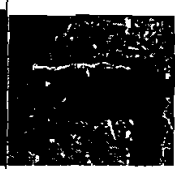
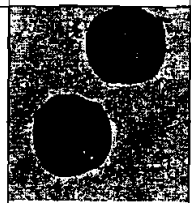

State (Party)	THAILAND	Reporting for time period from	1 JAN 2013	To	31 DEC 2013
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1. Technical characteristics of each APM-type produced.

Type	Dimensions	Fusing	Explosive content		Metallic content	Colour photo attached	Supplementary information to facilitate mine clearance
			type	grams			
N/A							

2. Technical characteristics of each APM-type currently owned or possessed.

Type	Dimensions	Fusing	Explosive content		Metallic content	Colour photo attached	Supplementary information to facilitate mine clearance
			type	grams			
Bouncing Fragmentation Mine M.2		Pressure: 8 lbs. Tension: 3 - 10 lbs	TNT	0.34 lbs.	Iron		
Non-Metallic Mine M.14		Pressure: 20-35 lbs	Tetryl	1 oz.	Plastic		

Bouncing Fragmentation Mine M.16		Pressure: 8 lbs. Tension: 3 -10 lbs	TNT	1 lb.	Steel		
Bouncing Fragmentation Mine M.26		Pressure: 14-28 lbs. Tension: 4-8 lbs	Comp B Booster Tetryl	0.375 lbs. 23 grain	Aluminum Alloy		Propellant charge: M 9-10 grains.
Bouncing Fragmentation Mine Type 69			TNT	2.6 oz.	Steel		
APM. Type 72		Electric control & pressure			Plastic		
APM. PMN. (China)		Primer & booster Tetryl 0.35 oz. Pressure on pressure plate 0.5 lb.	TNT	8.5 oz.	Plastic		Blast mines

Form I Measures to provide warning to the population

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

- i) The measures taken to provide an immediate and effective warning to the population in relation to all areas identified under paragraph 2 of Article 5."

Remark: In accordance with Article 5, para.2: "Each State Party shall make every effort to identify all areas under its jurisdiction or control in which anti-personnel mines are known or suspected to be emplaced and shall ensure as soon as possible that all anti-personnel mines in mined areas under its jurisdiction or control are perimeter-marked, monitored and protected by fencing or other means, to ensure the effective exclusion of civilians, until all anti-personnel mines contained therein have been destroyed. The marking shall at least be to the standards set out in the Protocol on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Mines, Booby-Traps and Other Devices, as amended on 3 May 1996, annexed to the Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects".

State (Party)	THAILAND	Reporting for time period from	1 JAN 2013	To	31 DEC 2013
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Thailand marked and mapped mined areas and has taken measures of "Mine Risk Education" activities to provide immediate and effective warning to the population living in all mines contaminated areas identified or suspected to contain mines in 2013. Thailand Mine Action Center (TMAC) through its Humanitarian Mine Action Units (HMAUs) in cooperation with Thailand Network for Humanitarian Disarmament (TNHD) and partner agencies led the following activities:

1. HMAU 1: Mine Risk Education in 48 villages and 49 schools with the participation of 5,125 peoples.
2. HMAU 2: Mine Risk Education in 35 villages and 6 schools with the participation of 44,589 peoples.
3. HMAU 3: Mine Risk Education in 12 villages and 18 schools with the participation of 24,224 peoples.
4. HMAU 4: Mine Risk Education in 28 villages and 26 schools with the participation of 8,105 peoples.

In the year 2013, TMAC also continued other public awareness and outreach activities in Bangkok and in local communities conducted by concerned HMAUs. On 10 January 2013, which is Children's Day in Thailand, TMAC conducted activities targeted at children and youths, radio and television interviews and scoops and media visits targeted at the general public as well as activities that support the work of partner agencies such as the National Office for the Empowerment of Persons with Disabilities in victim assistance.

On International Day of Mine Awareness and Assistance in Mine Action, TMAC activities included radio and television interviews and public awareness scoops on national television stations. All four HMAUs held drawing contests under the topic "Landmines: Dangerous when near" in schools located in areas affected by landmines

Form J: Other relevant matters.

Article 7.1: j) Remarks : States Parties may use this form to report voluntarily on other relevant matters, including matters pertaining to compliance and implementation not covered by the formal reporting requirements contained in Article 7. States Parties are encouraged to use this form to report on activities undertaken with respect to Article 6, and in particular to report on assistance provided for the care and rehabilitation, and social and economic reintegration, of mine victims.

State (Party)	THAILAND	Reporting for time period from	1 JAN 2013	To	31 DEC 2013
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The National Office for the Empowerment of Persons with Disabilities (NEP) conducted workshops to build capacity in Community-Based Rehabilitation (CBR) in provinces identified as having persons affected by landmines. The Office also engages local volunteer networks to provide continuous support to victims of landmines providing information on rights and benefits and general support needed. In 2013, it also launched the "Community Based Rehabilitation Guidelines" .

On International Day for Mine Awareness and Assistance in Mine Action, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Thailand held "The Landmine Survivors: A Photography Exhibition by Supachai Ketkaroonkul" to raise awareness on mine action. The exhibition included an opening reception held on 4 April 2013. With the objective of raising awareness among the general public, the exhibition was on display on 4 – 14 April 2013 at Siam Paragon shopping mall situated in the city center of Bangkok.

In June 2013, Thailand hosted the Bangkok Symposium on Enhancing Cooperation and Assistance: Building Synergy towards Effective Anti-Personnel Mine Ban Convention Implementation in Bangkok. In September, Thailand conducted a Study Programme on the country's humanitarian mine action for a delegation from Myanmar. The programme aimed at sharing Thailand's best practices and lessons learned in the area of mine clearance, risk education and victim assistance.

In 2013, the Thailand International Development Cooperation Agency and the Prostheses Foundation also continued providing assistance to countries affected by landmines such as supporting the operations of prostheses workshops and prostheses production training. Thailand, through its Embassies, also provided assistance and support to other affected countries.

Currently, landmine victims continue to actively participate in victim assistance whereby their needs and concerns are registered to relevant agencies. Victims participate in the planning process such as of the Provincial Persons with Disabilities funds, the Victim Assistance Master Plan among others. Victim assistance also include the long term capacity building for families and communities such as the provision of livestock for victims who are farmers and vocational training in line with the rights and benefits offered to other persons with disabilities to assist in social and economic reintegration.