EXPLOSIVE ORDNANCE VICTIM ASSISTANCE
ANGOLA
GENEVA, 20 to 22 JUNE

Measures to ensure EO victims' rights and welfare are safeguarded

- Clear redefinition of the responsibilities of ANAM and other Victim Assistance actors.
- Expansion of medical assistance services at the Rehabilitation Centre of Viana Dr. Agostinho Neto and other units.
- Construction and extension of health units equipped with physiotherapy and rehabilitation services.
- Implementation of public and private programmes aimed at EO victims in order to alleviate hunger and poverty.
- Increasing economic inclusion services through entrepreneurship and improving social security policies.
- ANAM privileged partner status for survivors' organisations.
- Drafting of the Victim Assistance National Standard.
Key challenges and obstacles

- Preparation of the national plan and its effective implementation.
- Stakeholder engagement.
- Institutional capacity building of ANAM and the sector in general.
- Mobilizing financial resources.
- Understanding the actual plight of victims through data collection.
- Stand-alone intervention in Victim Assistance.
- Divergence in sectoral prioritisation of resources allocation.
- Limited financial and human resources capacity from the coordinating body.
Key priorities in the implementation of Victim Assistance

• Victim Data collection in all provinces.
• Use of the IMSMA form by operators.
• Institutional capacity building of the sector.
• Regular sharing of information amongst all stakeholders, with data disaggregated by gender, age and disability.
• Availability of funds for social inclusion.
• Revitalising physical rehabilitation.

Efforts by the State

• Do not exclude access to services and participation.
• Chancellery in the founding of the Network of Women Victims of Mines.
• Involvement of disabled women's and children's organisations in the spectrum of Victim Assistance operators.