

REPUBLIC OF ANGOLA NATIONAL MINE ACTION AGENCY ANAM

Matters related to the Mandate of the Committee on Victim Assistance

GENEVA 19 – 21 JUNE 2023





- 1. What improvements have been made or will be made in the lead up to the Review Conference in 2024 to increase the well-being and guarantee the rights of mine victims in line with Action 33 to 40 of the Oslo Action Plan?
- The Victim Assistance National Standard was developed in accordance with the International Standard (IMAS) awaiting its dissemination to all stakeholders.
- Interaction with NGOs and faith-based organizations has been improved. They report regularly and with disaggregated data.
- Four workshops on Victim Assistance were conducted in Luanda, Moxico, Bié and Namibe Provinces.
- One workshop on information management was organized.
- One coordination meeting was held with all Victim Assistance operators.
- Construction of new hospitals equipped with the necessary equipment and state-of-the-art technology.
- Construction of new facilities for the Orthopaedic Centre in Lubango, Huila province.
- Identification of five victims of explosive ordnance, three males aged 10, 30 and 55 and two females aged 30 and 45, in Luanda Province.21,353 people with disabilities assisted in health units, 4,354 of which are victims of landmines.

- The Gabela Orthopaedic Centre is due for rehabilitation.
- The production of prostheses, orthotics, crutches and physiotherapy services continues at the following Orthopaedic and Rehabilitation Centres, namely:
 - 1. Princess Diana, Huambo Province.
 - 2. Dr. António Agostinho Neto, Viana, Luanda Province.
 - 3. Bié Orthopedic and Rehabilitation Center.

In all three centres, they produce an average of:

- ✓ 300 prostheses
- ✓ 350 orthotics
- ✓ 250 crutches

and 7500 users attended physiotherapy service.

As a novelty, respiratory physiotherapy and occupational therapy services were launched.

• 21,000 users benefited from emergency and continuous medical assistance.

2. What are the main challenges in the implementation of Oslo Action Plan commitments and what are the plans to overcoming these challenges?

Key challenges	Plan to overcome them
•Non existence of disaggregated data on victims from all Provinces of the country.	 The victims' registration project has been updated and only requires funding.
 Non implementation of assistance measures in a coordinated manner with all operators. 	•Preparation of the National Assistance Plan 2023-2027 and the preparation of the Individual Rehabilitation Plan ('IRP').
 Lack of inter-sectoral coordination and the reporting by operators of activities carried out at local level to the National Authority. 	•Coordination and thematic meetings are held on a regular basis where, among other things, activity reports are presented.
•Facilitating access to funds for victim assistance.	 Preparation of a draft program for fund mobilization and implementation of measures to assist mine victims.

Accident and Casualty Data 2022

	No. of	Women		Girls		Boys		Men	
Province	Accidents	Dead	Injured	Dead	Injured	Dead	Injured	Dead	Injured
Bengo	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Benguela	2	1	_	1	-	1	-	-	-
Bié	7	3	1	1	2	2	4	2	1
Cabinda	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cuando Cubango	9	1	4	2	-	1	3	3	2
Cuanza Norte	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cuanza Sul	-	ı	-	-	-	1	-	1	-
Cunene	2	1	1	-	-	2	-	1	-
Luanda	1	-	-	2	1	1	1	ı	-
Huambo	2	2	-	1	3	3	4	ı	-
Huila	4	ı	2	2	9	ı	5	1	3
Lunda Norte	-	ı	-	-	-	ı	-	I	-
Lunda Sul	-	ı	-	-	-	ı	-	ı	-
Malanje	3	1	1	-	4	2	-	ı	-
Moxico	4	1	4	-	4	3	4	ı	-
Namibe	-	ı	-	-	-	-	-	ı	-
Uíge	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Zaire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ı	-
Total	35	10	16	9	23	15	21	7	6

Accidents	35
Dead	41
Injured	66
Women	26
Girls	32
Boys	36
Men	13

Accident and Casualty Data Jan-May 2023

	No. of	Women		Girls		Boys		Men	
Province	Accidents	Dead	Injured	Dead	Injured	Dead	Injured	Dead	Injured
Bengo	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Benguela	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bié	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Cabinda	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cuando Cubango	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cuanza Norte	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cuanza Sul	2	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	1
Cunene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Luanda	-	-	-	-	-	ı	-	-	-
Huambo	-	-	-	-	-	ı	-	-	-
Huila	-	-	-	-	-	ı	-	-	-
Lunda Norte	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lunda Sul	-	-	-	-	-	ı	-	-	-
Malanje	1	-	-	-	-	ı	-	1	-
Moxico	5	-	1	2	6	1	5	-	1
Namibe	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Uíge	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Zaire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	10	1	2	2	6	2	7	1	3

Accidents	10
Dead	6
Injured	18
Women	3
Girls	8
Boys	9
Men	4

- 3. What, if relevant, are the main priorities for assistance in the implementation of your State's victim assistance obligations?
- Ensure the functioning of orthopedic and rehabilitation centers with the provision of material, equipment, and qualified staff.
- Establish physical rehabilitation services in all Provincial and Municipal hospitals.
- Registration of victims in all Provinces and the subsequent entry of data into the national database.
- Reduction in the number of accidents involving antipersonnel mines by intensifying explosive ordnance risk education activities.

- 4. What efforts have been made by your State to ensure that the different needs and perspectives of women, girls, boys and men are considered and inform your victim assistance implementation efforts?
- In terms of economic inclusion, the KWENDA, PREI, and other programs run by the Government have contributed to the well-being of the population, particularly the victims of landmines.
- 339 women victims of explosive ordinance were supported with funds and means to start income-generating activities.
- 152 girls and boys benefited from professional training and were integrated into an entrepreneurship program.
- 213 men integrated into different work and training initiatives.
- The implementation of Angola's National Employment Fund (FUNEA) will facilitate access to the labor market for many victims.
- The implementation of different programs by the government and its partners gives hope for better days for victims..

