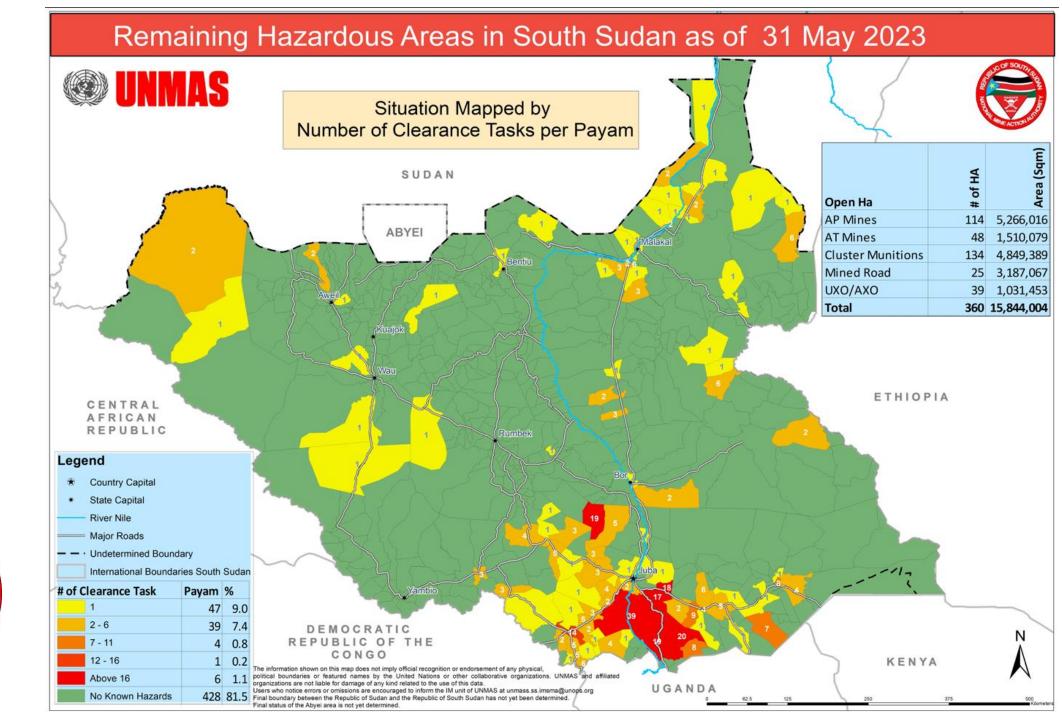




National Mine Action Authority Republic of South Sudan

Progress Update





Remaining AP threat as of May 2023

State	# of known AP- mines HAs	m2 of known AP- mines HAs	# of suspected AP-mines HAs	m2 of suspected AP-mines HAs	Total AP-mines HAs m2	Estimated date of completion (year-end)	Average per HA
Central Equatoria	39	1,412,758	28	232,715	1,645,473	2026	24,559
Eastern Equatoria	18	704,071	5	41,836	745,907	2025	32,431
Jonglei	3	208,802	8	1,656,580	1,865,382 2026		169,580
Northern Bahr El Ghazal	2	88,540			88,540	2023	44,270
Upper Nile & Unity	3	179,754			179,754	2024	59,918
Warrap & Lakes			1	40,000	40,000	2022	40,000
Western Bahr El Ghazal	1	201,738			201,738	2023	201,738
Western Equatoria	1	99,398	5	399,824	399,824 499,222 2024		83,204
	67	2,895,061	47	2,370,955	5,266,016		

Circumstances Impeding Completion







The greatest risk to this funding plan is a return to violence. The international community are already supporting the country with more than \$ 2 billion dollars of assistance per year and is struggling to cope with the needs of six million people displaced, widespread flooding, the ongoing inter-communal violence that primarily revolved around grazing rights and cattle migration – and the political violence that has fluctuated for the last six years from underlying tensions to outright war. Funding mine action thus is often relegated down the list of donor priorities.

Institutions responding to the remaining challenge

- South Sudan National Mine Action Authority (NMAA).
- Mine Action activities are currently coordinated jointly by the NMAA and UNMAS.
- UNMAS currently contracts 3 commercial companies (22 demining teams) to support UNMISS and their mandate.
- 3 International Non-Governmental Organisations deploy further 11 teams.
- 5 national NGOs however due to lack of funding only one is currently conducting EORE
- In 2023 South Sudan passed a Mine Action Law and acceded to the Convention on Cluster Munitions (CCM) and the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (CRPD).



Current cooperation and assistance / Challenges













Current cooperation and assistance / Challenges

Capacity estimated to be required to complete milestone

Team Type	Required number of teams						
	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026		
15 x deminers Manual Teams	16	16	10	10	5		
BAC - Cluster-munitions strikes	4	4	4	3	0		
Mechanical	2	4	3	3	3		
Road Clearance	4	4	4	0	0		
Survey/EOD	4	4	4	4	4		



The shortfall is in mechanical clearance assets, and UNMAS plans to deploy 4 x mechanical teams from October 2023 until June 2026. With one additional mechanical team deployed by DCA, areas requiring mechanical assistance could be addressed by June 2026.

Expected Milestones

		CEQ	EEQ	Jonglei	North BGZ	Upper Nile & Unity	Warrap & Lakes	Western Equatoria	West BGZ	TOTAL AP m/f
	#	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
2020	m2	98,237	97,292	0	0	0	0	0	0	195,529
	#	9	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	12
2021	m2	221,034	64,861	0	0	0	0	0	0	285,895
	#	13	6	2	0	0	0	1	0	23
2022	m2	319,271		339,160	0	0	0	83,204	0	936,219
	#	10	5	3	1	1	1	3	1	30
2023	m2	245,593	162,154	508,741	44,270	59,918	40,000	249,611	201,738	1,512,024
	#	10	3	2	1	1	0	2	0	25
2024	m2	270,152	97,292	339,160	44,270	59,918	0	166,407	0	977,200
	#	13	2	3	0	1	0	0	0	20
2025	m2	319,271	64,861	508,741	0	59,918	0	0	0	952,791
	#	7	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	15
2026	m2	171,915	64,861	169,580	0	0	0	0	0	406,357
	#	67	23	11	2	3	1	6	1	114
	m2	1,645,473	745,907	1,865,382	88,540	179,754	40,000	499,222	201,738	5,266,016

Follow up Activities

- NMAA to coordinate with UNMAS UNMISS and organise Mine Action Workshop, with relevant stakeholders, aimed at defining actions needed to redefine the contamination problem and ensure continuation of funding of mine action activities in the country.
- NMAA to coordinate with UNMAS UNMISS and review the work plan based on the current progress and projected estimated remaining threat.





